TX120

DIGITAL LINE TEST SET (DLTS)

A multi-function tester for the qualification of copper pairs prior to the installation of high speed digital equipment such as pair gain systems and ISDN

OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

teletech

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NTRODUCTION

Loading Coils and Build Out Capacitors are necessary components on many POTS (Plain Old Telephone System) lines. Bridged Taps (Laterals or Multiples), Split Pairs and other causes of Unbalance, Poor Joints and Low Insulation Resistance, are conditions that, while not strictly allowed on a POTS line, are often tolerated.

All of these conditions, however, seriously affect the operation of high frequency digital systems such as Pair Gain Systems and ISDN.

They must, therefore, be identified and eliminated.

The TX120 is a hand held, battery powered, multifunction instrument that enables an unassisted operator to carry out a comprehensive series of tests which will determine the ability of the pair under consideration to support a high frequency system.

IMPORTANT NOTE: Because of the possibility of sparks being created by the breaking of electrical connections, this instrument must not be used in areas in which flammable gases exist, or may exist.

FUNCTIONS

The TX120 will perform the following functions:

- Remote control of the connection of the pair under test (PUT) to the exchange.
- Pair Identification using a distinctive warble tone.
- Insertion Loss measurement at 820Hz with either 600Ω or TN12 complex termination.
- Insertion Loss measurement at 3kHz with either 600Ω or TN12 complex termination.
- Insertion Loss measurement at 100 kHz with 120Ω termination.
- Noise measurement.
- Longitudinal Balance measurement for detection of split pairs and other forms of line unbalance.
- Remote end line looping for Pulse Echo Tester (PET) distance calibration and Bridge Fault Location.
- Loop Resistance measurement.
- Remote end line isolation.
- DC Voltage measurement.
- Insulation Resistance measurement at 500VDC.
- Self calibration check of SENDER against

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

3

The TX120 consists of three units, the SENDER, the RECEIVER and the PROBE.

Each is powered by a 9V alkaline battery and utilises circuitry designed to maximise battery life. In addition, the SENDER can be powered from the 48V exchange battery.

Both SENDER and RECEIVER have a two line by sixteen character, alphanumeric LCD display for operator instructions and measurement results.

SENDER

3.1

The SENDER is a remotely controlled unit containing several signal sources and line terminations, and switching for exchange connection, line looping and line isolation. The warble tone frequency is adjustable so that two or three senders may be distinguishable when used simultaneously on pairs in the same cable.

Signal sources:

- 100kHz sine wave
- 3kHz sine wave~2kHz warble tone

820Hz sine wave

- Terminations:
 Open (isolated)
- 6000

Open (Isolated) Loop (short circuit)

TN12 complex

RECEIVER

3.2

The RECEIVER contains remote control signalling, several line terminations and several measurement instruments.

To conserve battery energy, the unit automatically switches off after a period of inactivity.

Terminations:

©009 •

High impedance

TN12 complex

Measuring Instruments:

- DC Voltmeter
- 100kHz, 820Hz and 3kHz Narrowband Voltmeters
- Ohmmeter and Insulation Resistance Meter
- Noise Meter
- Longitudinal Conversion Loss Meter.

3.3 PROBE

The PROBE is a non-contact detector for identification of the pair. If the SENDER is set to Warble Mode and connected to a pair, that pair may be positively identified at the remote end, using the PROBE.

OPERATING MODES

The TX120 has 13 operating modes, all selectable by pressing a single button on the RECEIVER.

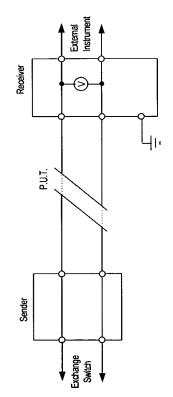
After connection to the line, the RECEIVER can make a total of 16 different measurements without further connection or disconnection.

In all modes other than Exchange Connect, the exchange side of the Pair Under Test (PUT) is "busied" to incoming calls by a 990\Omega resistor placed across the exchange line.

EXCHANGE CONNECT

4.1

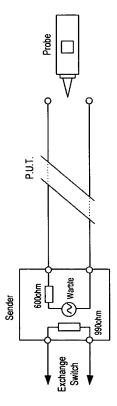
This is the power-on mode of the SENDER and is also selectable from the RECEIVER. The PUT is connected through to the Exchange. The RECEIVER measures the DC Line Voltage A leg - B leg. Following this, external instruments may be connected to the PUT via the terminals at the top of the RECEIVER.



PAIR IDENTIFICATION

4.2

This mode is selectable from the SENDER and from the RECEIVER. A distinctive warble tone is connected to the PUT and can be detected at the remote end using the PROBE.

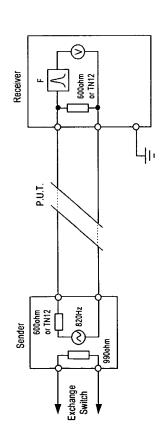


820Hz INSERTION LOSS

4.3

An 820Hz, -10dBm, sinusoidal signal is connected to the PUT at the SENDER. The RECEIVER measures the received level and calculates the Insertion Loss. Either 600Ω or TN12 complex termination may be selected.

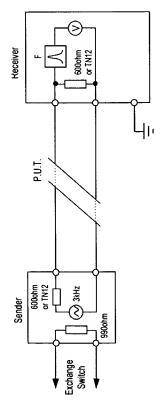
Note : The TN12 termination consists of a 220Ω resistor in series with a parallel combination of an 820Ω resistor and a 120nF capacitor.



3KHz INSERTION LOSS

4.4

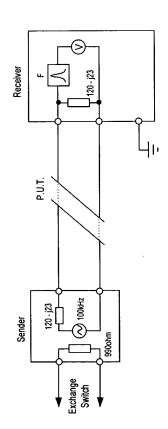
A 3kHz, -10dBm, sinusoidal signal is connected to the PUT at the SENDER. The RECEIVER measures the received level and calculates the Insertion Loss. Either 600Ω or TN12 complex termination may be selected.



100kHz INSERTION LOSS

4.5

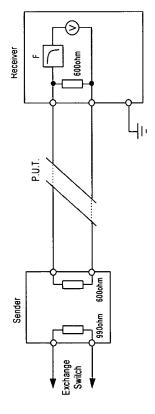
A 100kHz, 0dBm, sinusoidal signal is connected to the PUT at the SENDER. The RECEIVER measures the received level and calculates the Insertion Loss.



NOISE

4.6

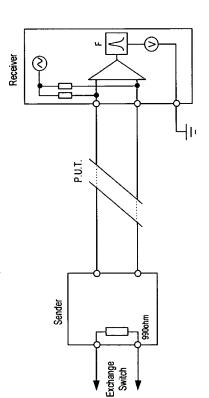
The PUT is terminated in 600Ω at the SENDER and at the RECEIVER, and a 3kHz Flat noise measurement is made using a quasi-peak detector.



(LONGITUDINAL CONVERSION LOSS - LCL)

4.7

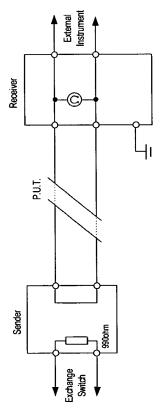
The PUT is isolated at the SENDER, and the RECEIVER measures the LCL of the two wires to ground. LCL better than 57dB indicates a well balanced line, less than 51dB, an unbalanced line, and 52dB to 56dB, a reasonably balanced line.



LINE LOOP / LOOP RESISTANCE

4.8

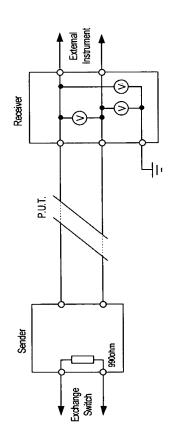
The PUT is looped (short circuited) at the SENDER. The RECEIVER measures the Loop Resistance. Following this, external instruments may be connected to the PUT via the terminals at the top of the RECEIVER.



OPEN

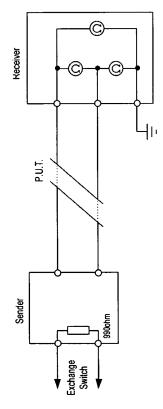
4.9

The PUT is opened (isolated) from the exchange and all SENDER circuitry. The RECEIVER measures, in turn, the three DC Voltages A leg - B leg, A leg - Ground, and B leg - Ground. Following this, external instruments may be connected to the PUT via the terminals at the top of the RECEIVER.



4.10 INSULATION RESISTANCE

The RECEIVER measures three Insulation Resistances, A leg - B leg, A leg - Ground, and B leg - Ground, using a 500V DC source. Each test is continued for 30 seconds in order to allow time for weak insulation to fail.



4.11 CALIBRATION CHECK

This test uses the RECEIVER to check the SENDER 820Hz, 3kHz and 100kHz sources and the loop. For the test, the SENDER and RECEIVER are connected to each other using their Alligator Clip Test Leads.

USING THE SENDER

S

SENDER FEATURES

5.1

- Hook for suspending the SENDER.
 Socket for test lead with black plug.
 Socket for power lead.
 LCD display.
 <ADD> button for setting the address.
 <ID> button for selection of the Pair Identify mode and setting the pair identification warble tone rate. 4 6 0 0 1 1 1

POWER ON

The SENDER is switched on by inserting the test lead, and remains on while the test lead is inserted. Note, however, that, to conserve battery energy, the display switches off, five seconds after a message.

When the SENDER is first switched on, the battery is tested and the estimated life remaining (in hours of continuous use) is briefly displayed.

WARNING: Leaving the test lead plugged in when not in use, will reduce battery life by up to 70%! Remember too, that, although the display is off, the power is still on, whenever the test lead is inserted.

TEST LEADS

5.3

The standard one metre test lead has two red and two blue leads with alligator clips. Remove the jumpers between exchange side and customer side. Connect the red leads to the exchange side and the blue leads to the customer side. Connections are not polarity conscious.

Several other test lead options are available and are listed in Section 11. Except in the case of the alligator clip lead, the connections to the pair under test are made by inserting a polarised isolating plug into a connector block.

5.4 POWER LEAD

When operating inside an exchange, the SENDER may be powered from the exchange battery using the optional power lead listed in Section 11.

5.5 BATTERY TEST

Every ten minutes, the SENDER checks its own battery and, if it is found to be flat, puts a loop on the line. This loop is detected, remotely, by the RECEIVER, which displays a warning that the SENDER battery is flat.

SELECTING THE OPERATING MODE

5.6

When the SENDER is powered ON (by inserting the test lead), it will be in the EXCHANGE CONNECT mode (see Section 4.1). The PUT is connected through to the exchange switch. The display briefly indicates the mode.

By pressing the <ID> button, the mode may be changed to PAIR IDENTIFY, in which the distinctive warble tone is connected to the PUT (see Section 4.2). Again, the display briefly indicates the mode. Further presses of the <ID> button, while the display is on, will sequentially select High, Medium and Low warble rates with the rate shown briefly on the LCD display.

If a return to the EXCHANGE CONNECT mode is required, this can only be achieved by removing and reinserting the test lead.

All other SENDER modes are selected by control signals sent from the RECEIVER.

The mode displays that will be seen briefly, at the appropriate times are as follows.

E X C H A N G E C O N N E C T E D

PAIR IDENTIFY

820Hz LOSS 600Ω 820Hz LOSS TN12 LINE ISOLATED

100kHz LOSS

3 K H Z L O S S 6 0 0 Ω 3 KHZ LOSS TN12 NOISE 6000 TERMINATION

LINE LOOPED

DISPLAY

5.7

In order to save battery energy, the display is on for only five seconds, following a power-on, a switch press, or reception of a control signal from the RECEIVER.

5.7.1 BATTERY STATUS INDICATION

When the SENDER is switched on by inserting the test lead, the following message is displayed briefly.

SENDER BATTERY

If the battery is too flat for the SENDER to perform to specification, the following message is displayed and the unit will not operate until the battery is replaced.

REPLACE SENDER BATTERY If the battery is OK, the approximate number of hours of battery life remaining, will be displayed. This is a guide only (but a good one) as battery consumption is affected by operating mode and temperature.

SENDER BATTERY 23 HRS REMAIN

5.7.2 WARBLE RATE INDICATION

Press the <ID> button and the display briefly shows the warble rate (LOW, MEDIUM, or HIGH) which is currently selected. To change the rate, while the rate is still displayed, press the <ID> button repeatedly until the desired rate is displayed.

WARBLE RATE

MEDIUM

5.7.3 ADDRESS INDICATION

Press the **<ADD>** button and the display briefly shows the address to which the SENDER is currently set (A, B or C). To change the address, while the address is still displayed, press the **<ADD>** button repeatedly until the desired address is displayed.

ADDRESS C

9

- Socket for test lead with grey plug. Α̈́Θ
- Terminals for access to Pair Under Test in Exchange Connect, Open and Loop modes.
- <ON> button for switching power on (only active when test lead is plugged in). ပ်ပဲ
 - <ADD> button for setting the address.
- <EXCH CONN> button for selection of Exchange Connect mode and DC line voltage test. ய ட
 - <ID> button for selection of Pair Identify mode.
 - <820Hz 600R> button for selection of the 820Hz Insertion _oss test with 600Ω termination. юÏ
 - <820Hz TN12> button for selection of the 820Hz Insertion Loss test with TN12 complex termination.
- <LINE BAL> button for selection of the Line Balance test.
 - <100kHz> button for selection of the 100kHz Insertion -oss test with 120Ω complex termination. ٧.
- <3kHz 600R> button for selection of the 3kHz Insertion
- <3kHz TN12> button for selection of the 3kHz Insertion -oss test with 600Ω termination.
 - -oss test with TN12 termination. Ξ
- <NOISE> button for selection of the 3kHz flat Noise test with continuous and peak capture displays. ż
- LooP> button for selection of Loop mode and the Loop Resistance test. Ö
- <OPEN> button for selection of Open mode and DC oreign battery voltage test. ٦.
- <CAL CHECK> button for selection of the back-to-back SENDER / RECEIVER calibration check. ø
 - <IR> button for selection of the 500V Insulation œ

POWER ON

6.2

6.2.1 RECEIVER BATTERY CHECK

The RECEIVER is switched on by inserting the test lead and pressing the **<ON>** button. The unit will not switch on with the test lead removed. It may not be necessary to press the **<ON>** button.

The following message is displayed briefly.

If the battery is too flat for the RECEIVER to perform to specification, the following message is displayed and the unit will not operate until the battery is replaced.

If the battery is OK, the following message is displayed, showing the hours of battery life remaining.

6.2.2 SENDER BATTERY CHECK

When the SENDER battery is too flat to ensure operation to specification, it puts a loop on the line. Whenever the RECEIVER powers up, it checks the loop resistance to determine the status of the SENDER battery. The following message is displayed.

If the battery is good, the following message will be displayed and operation will continue.

SENDER BATTERY OK

If the battery is flat, the following message is displayed and the SENDER will not respond to the RECEIVER commands.

SENDER BATTERY MAY BE FLAT Certain fault conditions on the line may also cause an apparent loop, or prevent a loop measurement from being made. In this case, the following message will be displayed.

SENDER BATTERY NOT CHECKED This message will also be displayed if the previous test put a legitimate loop on the line (LOOP mode).

POWER OFF

6.3

To conserve battery energy, the RECEIVER switches off, automatically, two minutes after the last button is pressed. All existing line conditions are retained when this happens. To re-power the unit, press the **<ON>** button again. Whenever the RECEIVER is re-powered, the RECEIVER and SENDER batteries are checked.

ADDRESS

6.4

The RECEIVER address must be the same as that of the SENDER it is working with (A, B or C). The power-on default address is the address which was in operation when the RECEIVER last powered off. To display the current address, press the **<ADD>** button. To change the address, press the **<ADD>** button repeatedly until the required address is displayed.

ADDRESS

TEST LEADS

6.5

The standard one metre test lead has two blue leads and one white lead with alligator clips. Isolate the pair under test (PUT) from any line or equipment on the customer side and connect the blue leads to the PUT and the white lead to ground. Blue lead connections are not polarity conscious.

Another test lead option is available as listed in Section 11. In the case of the Krone lead, the connections to the PUT are made by inserting a polarised isolating plug into a connector block. The white lead with the alligator clip must be connected to ground.

WARNING: The white lead must be connected to a good earth if the instrument is to return meaningful results for the LINE BALANCE, OPEN and IR tests.

6.6 OPERATING MODE

There are 13 buttons for the selection of the operating mode. The operating modes are explained in Section 4. In all cases except Insulation Resistance, the mode is selected with a single button press. For safety reasons, the 500V IR test requires two sequential presses.

When a mode button is pressed, a coded signal is transmitted to the SENDER to set up the appropriate termination and/or signal source. Allow at least seven seconds for the SENDER to respond.

All tests may be cancelled by pressing any button, except <ON>.

6.6.1 EXCHANGE CONNECT MODE

Press the **<EXCH CONN>** button. The processing message is displayed while the SENDER is set up for the test.

EXCHANGE CONNECT PROCESSING The DC Line Voltage between A-leg and B-leg is then measured once and displayed. The PUT is now available for the connection of external instruments via the two terminals at the top of the RECEIVER.

LINE VOLTS = 4 USE EXT.INSTR. Note that voltage polarity is not displayed. Voltages greater than 400V are displayed as >400.

This display will remain until the RECEIVER powers off automatically, or another mode is selected.

6.6.2 PAIR IDENTIFY MODE

Press the <ID> button. The processing message is displayed while the SENDER is set up for the test.

PAIR IDENTIFY PROCESSING The following message is then displayed.

PAIR IDENTIFY USE PROBE The SENDER has now connected the warble tone to the PUT and this can be detected using the PROBE.

This display will remain until the RECEIVER automatically powers off or until another mode is selected.

6.6.3 820Hz (600Ω) INSERTION LOSS MODE

Press the **<820Hz 600R>** button. The processing message is displayed while the SENDER is set up for the test.

8 2 0 H z (6 0 0 R) LOSS PROCESSING The Insertion Loss is then measured once and displayed until the RECEIVER powers off automatically or another mode is selected. A loss greater than 20dB is displayed as >20dB.

820Hz(600R) LOSS 7.8dB

820Hz (TN12) INSERTION LOSS MODE

6.6.4

Press the **<820Hz TN12>** button. The processing message is displayed while the SENDER is set up for the test.

820Hz(TN12) LOSS PROCESSING The Insertion Loss is then measured once and displayed until the RECEIVER powers off automatically or another mode is selected. A loss greater than 20dB is displayed as >20dB.

820Hz(TN12) LOSS 7.4dB

6.6.5 3kHz (600Ω) INSERTION LOSS MODE

Press the **<3kHz 600R>** button. The processing message is displayed while the SENDER is set up for the test.

3 k H z (6 0 0 R) L O S S P R O C E S S I N G The Insertion Loss is then measured once and displayed until the RECEIVER powers off automatically or another mode is selected. A loss greater than 20dB is displayed as >20dB.

3 k H z (600R) LOSS 10.5 d B

3KHz (TN12) INSERTION LOSS MODE

9.9.9

Press the **<3kHz TN12>** button. The processing message is displayed while the SENDER is set up for the test.

3 K H z (600R) LOSS PROCESSING The Insertion Loss is then measured once and displayed until the RECEIVER powers off automatically or another mode is selected. A loss greater than 20dB is displayed as >20dB.

3 k H z (TN 12) LOSS 9.9 d B

100kHz INSERTION LOSS MODE

6.6.7

Press the <100kHz> button. The processing message is displayed while the SENDER is set up for the test.

100kHz LOSS PROCESSING The Insertion Loss is then measured once and displayed until the RECEIVER powers off automatically or another mode is selected. A loss greater than 60dB is displayed as >60dB.

100kHz LOSS 42dB

6.6.8 NOISE MODE

Press the **<NOISE>** button. The processing message is displayed while the SENDER is set up for the test.

NOISE(dBm) PROCESSING The Noise level on the PUT is then continuously measured and displayed, together with the highest reading observed (peak hold), until the RECEIVER powers off automatically or another mode is selected.

NOISE (d B m) - 69 MAX = -28

Note that the larger the number, the lower the noise level. That is, -35dBm is greater than -42dBm.

Noise greater than -20dBm is displayed as >-20 and noise less than -70dBm is displayed as <-70.

6.6.9 LINE BALANCE MODE

Press the **<LINE BAL>** button. The processing message is displayed while the SENDER is set up for the test.

LINE BALANCE PROCESSING

The Longitudinal Conversion Loss (a measure of line balance) will then be measured once and displayed until the RECEIVER powers off automatically or another mode is selected. Also displayed, is a three level assessment of the state of balance of the line:

GOOD >57dB FAIR 51 - 57dB BAD <51dB LINE BALANCE FAIR LCL= 56dB The higher the LCL figure, the better the line balance. LCL greater than 75dB is displayed as >75 and LCL less than 45dB is displayed as <45.

6.6.10 LINE LOOP MODE

Press the **<LOOP>** button. The processing message is displayed while the test is set up. During this time, the PUT is checked for the presence of foreign battery.

LINE LOOPING PROCESSING The PUT is now looped at the SENDER and the Loop Resistance is measured once and displayed until the RECEIVER powers off automatically or another mode is selected.

Access to the PUT is now available via the External Instrument terminals at the top of the RECEIVER.

Loop Resistance greater than 3000Ω is displayed as >3000R.

LOOPED 12300 USE EXT.INSTR. If the RECEIVER detects foreign battery on the line, it will not measure the Loop Resistance but will display the following message. Access to the PUT is now available via the External Instrument terminals at the top of the RECEIVER.

LOOPED FOR BATT USE EXT INSTR

6.6.11 OPEN MODE

Press the **<OPEN>** button. The processing message is displayed while the SENDER is set up for the test.

LINE ISOLATION PROCESSING The DC Voltage between A-leg and B-leg is then measured once and displayed.

DC VOLTS AB= 43

The DC Voltage between A-leg and Ground is then measured once and displayed, together with the A-leg to B-leg voltage.

DC VOLTS AB= 4 AG= 11 The DC Voltage between B-leg and Ground is then measured once and displayed, together with the A-leg to B-leg and A-leg to Ground voltages.

DC VOLTS AB= 43 AG= 11 BG= 13

This display is held for two seconds before changing to the following message.

LINE ISOLATED USE EXT.INSTR. The two displays then alternate at two second intervals.

Access to the PUT is now available via the External Instrument terminals at the top of the RECEIVER.

Note that voltage polarity is not displayed. Voltages greater than 400V are displayed as >400.

6.6.12 500V INSULATION RESISTANCE MODE

Press the **<IR>** button. The processing message is displayed while the test is set up. During this time, the PUT is checked for the presence of foreign battery.

500V IR PROCESSING If there is no foreign battery, the following three messages are displayed sequentially, changing at two second intervals, continuously, until a button is pressed.

PRESS < 1R>
TO START

WARNING 500V ON TEST LEADS PRESS ANY GREY

PRESS ANY GREY BUTTON TO STOP At any time, either prior to starting the test, or during the test, if any button other than **<ON>** is pressed (including the <IR> button), a new test will be initiated. If the test is running at the time, the 500V will be switched off and the line immediately discharged.

Once the test is started, the following message is displayed with the number of seconds remaining before the IR(A-B) is measured.

At 0 seconds, the Insulation Resistance between A-leg and B-leg is measured once and displayed for five seconds.

The following message is then displayed with the number of seconds remaining before the IR(A-G) is measured.

At 0 seconds, the Insulation Resistance between A-leg and Ground is measured once and displayed for five seconds, together with the Insulation Resistance A-leg to B-leg.

The following message is then displayed with the number of seconds remaining before the IR(B-G) is measured.

At 0 seconds, the Insulation Resistance between B-leg and Ground is measured once and displayed, together with the Insulation Resistances A-leg to B-leg, and A-leg to Ground, until the RECEIVER powers off automatically or, another mode is selected.

Note that resistances greater than $200 M\Omega$ are displayed as >200.

If the RECEIVER detects foreign battery on the line, it will not measure the Insulation Resistance but will display the following message.

FOREIGN BATTERY IR TEST NOT DONE **WARNING**: For 90 seconds during this test, there is 500VDC present on the test leads and on the line under test. It can be removed, at any time, by pressing any button other than **<ON>**. While this voltage is not lethal (because it is current limited to 170uA), it will give an electric shock.

WARNING: Do not disconnect the test leads from the line during a test as this will leave the line in a charged state capable of causing an unpleasant electric shock. The TX120 discharges the line at the completion of the test.

6.6.13 CALIBRATION CHECK MODE

Press the **<CAL CHECK>** button. The following instruction message is displayed.

SENDER-REC(BLUE) PRESS CAL CHECK Plug the alligator clip test leads into SENDER and RECEIVER **<ON>** switch if necessary. Clip the blue SENDER wires to the blue RECEIVER wires and press the **<CAL CHECK>** button

again to start the test. The following tests will be done, in sequence, with PASSED or FAILED displayed after

- 820Hz CHECK
- 3KHz CHECK
- 100kHz CHECK
 - LOOP CHECK

A "pass" display sequence will be as follows.

820Hz CHECK

820HZ CHECK PASSED 3 KHZ CHECK

3 K H Z CHECK P A S S E D 100kHz CHECK

100kHz CHECK PASSED

LOOP CHECK

LOOP CHECK PASSED

CAL CHECK PASSED If any test fails, the CAL CHECK will be reported as having failed.

CAL CHECK FAILED

USING THE PROBE

PROBE FEATURES 7.1

- ON switch to turn the Probe on. A. ON switch to tuB. Speaker grill.C. Probe tip.

OPERATION 7.2

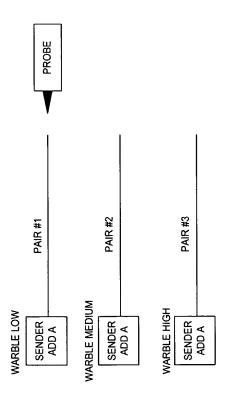
Hold the PROBE in your hand, press the <ON> button and hold the tip in the vicinity of the pair to be identified. The distinctive warble tone will be at a maximum level when the PROBE is close to the correct pair. Due to capacitive coupling, the warble tone may be pair will have a null (minimum signal level) between the detected on pairs other than the correct one. The correct two wires. There will be no null between wires of other The PROBE is only switched on and operating when the outton is held down. An optional earphone (see Section 11) may also be used with the PROBE to effectively increase sensitivity, particularly in areas with high background noise levels.

APPLICATIONS

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8.1 USING DIFFERENT WARBLE RATES

Up to three SENDERS may be used concurrently on three different pairs by setting each SENDER to a different warble rate.



USING DIFFERENT ADDRESSES

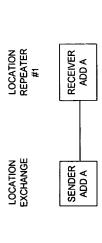
8.2

Up to three SENDERS may be used on a single pair to save time and travelling when testing a long line.

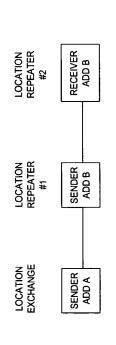
Say a pair gain system is to be installed on a long line and two repeaters are to be used. The section of line from the exchange to the first repeater site is tested with SENDER and RECEIVER set to Address A.

The SENDER at the exchange is then set to EXCH CONN mode and a second SENDER, set to Address B, is positioned at the first repeater site. The section of line from here to the second repeater site is then tested with the RECEIVER set to Address B.

This process can then be repeated one more time using Address C.

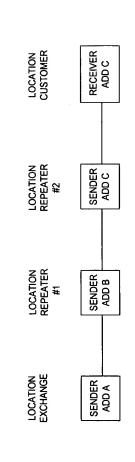


a) Testing the first section of a long line



MODE EXCH CONN

b) Testing the second section of a long line



MODE MODE EXCH CONN

c) Testing the third section of a long line

TROUBLESHOOTING

FAULT		ACTION
	တ	SENDER
No display	•	Check that a correct test lead (black plug) is plugged
	•	In. Replace battery.
Does not respond	•	Return to supplier for
to press of ADD button.		repair.
Does not respond	•	Return to supplier for
to press of ID button.		repair.
Does not reset to	•	Return to supplier for
when test lead is		
removed and re-		
	쀭	RECEIVER
No display.	•	Check that a correct test
		lead (grey plug) is plugged
		ï.
	•	Press <on> button.</on>
	•	Replace battery.
Does not respond	•	Return to supplier for
SENDER does not	<u> •</u>	Check that RECEIVER
respond but line is		address is set to same as
known to be good.		SENDER address.
	•	Check that the SENDER is
		connected correctly - red
		leads to exchange, blue
	•	Check that iumpers
		between exchange and
		customer are removed.

FAULT		ACTION
	2	RECEIVER
CAL CHECK fails.	•	Check that the SENDER
		blue test leads are clipped
		to the RECEIVER blue test
		leads.
	•	Try SENDER with a
		different RECEIVER and
		RECEIVER with a different
		SENDER to determine
		which unit is faulty.
	•	Return faulty unit to
		supplier for repair.
		PROBE
No warble tone	•	Check that SENDER
heard.		display shows a warble rate
		and try the Probe with no
		line connected to SENDER.
	•	Replace battery.

TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

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DC VOLTAGE

A-B, A-GND, B-GND Tests (OPEN mode)

-400V to +400V / 1V Fests (EXCH CONN mode) A-B Range / Resolution

nput Impedance

200kΩ

820Hz INSERTION LOSS

Range / Resolution

0 to 20dB / 0.1dB

-10dBm

600Ω, TN12 complex Send Level Impedance

3KHz INSERTION LOSS

0 to 20dB / 0.1dB Range / Resolution

-10dBm Send Level

600Ω, TN12 complex mpedance

100kHz INSERTION LOSS

0 to 60dB / 1dB Range / Resolution

0dBm Send Level

(120-j23)Ω complex mpedance

NOISE

Tests

Continuous and peak hold

-70dBm to -20dBm / 1dB Range / Resolution

3kHz flat

Weighting Detection

Quasi-peak

LINE BALANCE

LONGITUDINAL CONVERSION LOSS)

45dB to 75dB / 1dB Range / Resolution

1Vrms, 3kHz, sinusoidal

LOOP RESISTANCE

Source

0 to 3,000Ω / 1Ω 2.5V Range / Resolution

Source Voltage

INSULATION RESISTANCE

Tests Range / Resolution Source Voltage Duration SENDER PHYSICAL

Dimensions Power Supply Internal Battery Battery Life **RECEIVER PHYSICAL**

Dimensions Battery Battery Life

220 x 100 x 40 mm 9 volt alkaline Typically 40 hours

PROBE PHYSICAL

Dimensions Battery Battery Life

ENVIRONMENTAL

Operating Temperature (Ingress Protection

A-B, A-GND, B-GND 0 to 200MΩ / 1MΩ

0 to 200ms27 tim 500V 30sec x 3 216 x 100 x 40 mm
-48v exchange battery
or internal battery
9 volt alkaline
Typically 120 hours

163 x 33 x 23 mm 9 volt alkaline Typically 150 hours

0 to 50°C IP54

ORDER CODES

Digital Line Test Set to Australian line conditions and comprising -	TX120
1 x Sender	
1 x Receiver	
1 x Probe	
1 x 1m Sender Alligator Clip Test Lead	
1 x 1m Receiver Alligator Clip Test Lead	
1 x Aluminium Carry Case	
1 x Operating Instruction Manual	
Sender	120TX
Receiver	120RX
Probe	120PR
Aluminium Carry Case	120/13
1m Sender Alligator Clip Test Lead	120/10GP
1m Sender Siemens Series 71 Test Lead	120/10S1
1m Sender Siemens Series 2000 Test Lead	120/10S2
1m Sender Siemens Series 5000 Test Lead	120/10S3
3m Sender MDF Battery Jack Power Lead	120/10PL
1m Receiver Alligator Clip Test Lead 1m Receiver Krone Test Lead	120/12 120/12K2
Probe Earphone	EPC
Operating Instruction Manual	120/41

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